

Product design

- The aim was to study, what is the role of product design in novel business models **Product as a Service model** was selected for further analysis.
- Semi-structured theme interviews for four companies were conducted in casual wear, workwear and childrenswear sectors.
- Three themes emerged in the study, that were linked to product design and should be considered in product design and development:
- 1) **Design principles:** what are the criteria for the functionality of the rental garment in general?
- 2) **Design Thinking:** how does the information about the user's experience of wearing the garment reach the designer?
- 3) **Personal preferences:** what are the social conventions of the rental product according to the user's experiences?

Design principles Criteria for rentability

Design thinking User experience

Emotional aspects

Personal preferences



THEME

PRACTICES

Product design

Design principles

Criteria for rentability

Design thinking

User experience

Personal preferences

Emotional aspects

Extending the product lifespan

Responsibility for maintenance and repair

Collecting of user feedback varies Diverse and even indirect contacts with endusers

Lack of user empathy

The importance of understanding the emotional factors

Diverse attitudes for re-use: social status point of view

Challenges in collecting user feedback

Product lifespan specific to each case Product repair and maintenance is not considered costeffective Design solutions for maintenance and user guidance should be developed

Usercentered product design not exploited Product
design
processes
should
consider
end-user
feedback
and needs

centered product design enhances sustainable solutions in novel business models

User-

What kind of signal reused textile reflects?

Problems:
- Lack of user feedback
-Short timeline of the study

Product
design
must
consider
emotional
and social
aspects

Broader
interview
and data
collecting
+study with
service
provider
partners
needed



Product design

Design principles

Criteria for rentability

Extending the product lifespan

Responsibility for maintenance and repair

Product lifespan specific to each case

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PRACTICES

CONCLUSIONS

Product design

Design thinking

User experience

Collecting of user feedback varies

Diverse and even indirect contacts with end-users

Lack of user empathy

User-centered product design not exploited

Product design processes should consider end-user feedback and needs

User-centered product design enhances sustainable solutions in novel business models



Product design

Personal preferences

Emotional aspects

The importance of understanding the emotional factors: what kind of signal reused textile reflects?

Diverse attitudes

for re-use: social status point of

view

Challenges in collecting user feedback

Challenges to study the emotional aspects

>Lack of the user feedback >Short timeline of the study Product design must consider emotional and social aspects by composing the customer insight with the help of design thinking Broader interview, data collecting and more study with service provider partners needed

